

Letters dated the 3d. ult. mention the safe arrival at Gibraltar, of the troops destined for the relief of that garrison, and that it was expected the regiments to be relieved would be embarked and sail by the 9th.—Sir J. Lindsay with the Phoenix and Thetis frigates, likewise arrived.

DUBLIN, Dec. 9.

However the rash and inconsiderate may alarm us, by speaking of discontents and insurrection, there is nothing of this sort to be apprehended. The proceedings of our gallant corps have been so gloriously distinguished, by their adherence to the constitution, their preservation of regularity and order, and by due submission to the laws, that nothing but truly constitutional efforts and ably wielding the weapons of argument, is to be expected from them. With propriety and confidence may the public always look to them for safety and defence.

BILL for the Relief of his Majesty's Subjects in Cases of frivolous or illegal Arrests. Presented by Mr. O'HARA.

Whereas by certain Acts passed in this Kingdom an easy and adequate Remedy is given for the Recovery of small Debts by Civil Bill before the Judges of Assize, and whereas many inferior Courts exercise a Jurisdiction in cases of small Debts in a manner highly oppressive to your Majesty's Subjects.

Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords spiritual and temporal, and Commons in the present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, that from and after the Day of the year 1784, no person shall be taken by his Body in Execution on any final Judgment, arrested on mesne Process, or held to Special Bail upon any Writ or Process issuing out of any Court of Record in this Kingdom, his Majesty's Courts of superior Jurisdiction, the Court of Conscience in the City of Dublin, the Tholsel Court in the City of Cork, the Civil Bill Court in the City of Dublin, and all other Civil Bill Courts provided by Act of Parliament only excepted, where the Cause of Action shall not amount to the sum of five Pounds or upwards, by Law, Statute, Charter, Prescription or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

And whereas such inferior Courts frequently exercise their Jurisdiction where the Cause of Action did not arise within the Limits of their Five Franchises, to which the Defendant, the Difficulty of applying his legal Remedy is generally obliged to submit, be it enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, that if at Time, in the Course of the Cause, it shall appear, by Plea or otherwise, that the Cause of Action arose out of the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the Court, the said Plea or Defence be allowed, and the Court shall proceed further in that Cause, be the Amount of the Cause for more than Five Pounds or otherwise, and whereas Persons served with Process out of such inferior Courts where the Cause shall be under five Pounds may, in order to avoid Execution, remove their Effects beyond the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the said Court, be it enacted, by the authority aforesaid, that in all Cases where final Judgment have been obtained in such Courts it shall be lawful to and for any of his Majesty's Courts of Law in Dublin, upon Affidavit therein of such Judgment obtained, an Execution issued against the Defendant, and of diligent search having been made for the effects of the Defendant, and sufficient effects could be found within the Limits of the said Court, to cause the said Judgment to be removed to the said superior Court, and to issue execution upon the Effects of the Defendant in any part of the kingdom without and to proceed in the same manner as in Judgments obtained in the said superior Court.

ed always that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the Clergy from covering their Tithes in such manner as is at present by Law intitled to recover before recited Bill, should pass into a Law, notwithstanding it may be supposed to be the best motives, yet it certainly has very destructive consequences to the Credit, which remains among the People; as the Courts of Law, which are known to be of the utmost utility in Limerick, &c. will be exploded.

Mr. Foster proposed a number of resolutions for the purpose of grounding a bill, the principal of which were.

"That a duty of ten shillings per barrel be laid on all wheat imported into this kingdom, while the average price in Dublin shall be under 30 shillings per barrel; but when the average price in Dublin shall amount to 30 shillings and upwards, the duty on importation shall be only two pence per barrel."

"That the merchants importing wheat, &c. from foreign markets, when the average price in Dublin is under 30 shillings per barrel, may bond the whole duty except two pence a barrel, on condition that they re-export the same, or do not sell it from their ware-houses until the price shall amount to 30 shillings."

"That all the ports of Ireland shall be regulated by the average price in Dublin."

Barley, Malt, Oats, Meslin, Rye, Beans, meal, &c. under a proportionable regulation to the wheat.

The House resumed, Ordered that the Committee's report be received on Monday.

Mr. Gardiner acquainted the House, that the Committee appointed to take into consideration the state of the manufactures, had gone through a great line of evidences in the weaving branches, which evidences would end on Monday, when he intended to propose certain consequent resolutions to the Committee of Ways and Means; submitting however to the House to what manner it were best to do it, and whether the resolutions might not be printed, that Gentlemen might have an opportunity of considering them.

Sir Hercules Langrishe said, it would be better to report to the House the evidence that had been adduced, and then refer the report to the Committee of Ways and Means, had some time might be given to Gentlemen to turn it in their thoughts.

Mr. Gardiner answered, that he had no objection, but wished that the Committee of Ways and Means, would come as speedily as possible to some resolutions on the subject.

Mr. Foster said, the business of the Committee on the manufactures was not concluded, as there were several other evidences to be examined; however, he had no objection to having the evidence already gone through printed.

Mr. Ansell acquainted the House, that he thought it his duty as one of its Members, to mention a matter that had occurred, which was, that a Right Hon. Gentleman who was a petitioner against the return for the County of Down, who by a Resolution of the House had been ordered to pay his costs as Sheriff, in answering the charges of his Petition, as well as that of the sitting Members, he had paid the latter, but refused to pay him, alleging an informality in an affidavit he had executed, the sitting Members, added he, would have defrayed my costs, but I would not accept of it. I have pay'd the money, and don't want repayment, but that the Honour of the House might not through me be affected as the Order stands.

Mr. George Ogle said, he was authorized to say, Mr. Stewart was ready to pay the Honourable Member's costs when they shall be duly authenticated in the same manner as those of the sitting Members had been.

Sir Ansell Stewart followed Mr. Ogle. Mr. Fitzgibbon expressed his surprise that the Right Hon. Petitioner chose again to appear before the House on this business, after what had passed, when in his name it was denied that he was acquainted with the charges against the Hon. Sheriff, and that his paying him his costs was a com-promise for not appearing in a disgraceful manner at the Bar of the House.

The Prime Serjeant, after an eulogium on Mr. Ansell, said, there was no law obliging the Petitioner to pay these costs; that the sitting Members should defray the Sheriff, and that it was a bad precedent.

Mr. George Ponsonby moved the following resolution.—"That it appears to this House, that of the sum of 100,000l. granted for raising 20,000 men to serve in his Majesty's navy, 53,000l. odd money had been applied to that purpose, and the balance brought to the credit of the nation."—Agreed to *unanimously*.

Monday, Dec. 8. Small-Beer Bill read a third time, passed, and ordered to the Lords.

Sir John Blaquierte moved, that the report from the Committee on the Petition of the Undertakers of the Grand Canal be read, it was read accordingly, being, "That the Petitioners had fully proved their allegations."—He then added, the Company do not want money,

Waterford, Dec. 9. We are informed that the Blackwood transport, Captain which arrived at 11 o'clock last Wednesday New York the 27th of October, and advised that the French army have possession of the city of New York.

The Blackwood transport, Captain which arrived at 11 o'clock last Wednesday New York the 27th of October, and advised that the French army have possession of the city of New York. It is said, in order to be paid the money due by America, France, and that in consequence of it, General Washington would not take possession of New York from St. Charles, lest the French would make themselves masters of it also.

Nicholas Rohan, who was a few days ago committed to the city goal, for attempting and attempting to pass at the Bank of Henry Hayden and Bartholomew Rivers, Effort a note, supposed to be forged, in account of fresh corroborating information, put in front. He is to take his trial at our next Assizes.

Married. Last Sunday, Robert Bradshaw, of Alys, in the County Lunerick, Esq. to the amiable Miss Jane Muckaby, of Ballynaker, county Waterford, whose smallest accomplishment is a considerable fortune.

LIMERICK.

This night arrived one packet, which brought the Sixteenth Day's Drawing.

No. 20,220, 300l. No. 6604, 2003, 39,800, 100l. No. 30918, 16286, 3505, 38659, 8411, 15969, 41713, 24903, 33617, 16201, 50l.

Last Monday evening, about 7 o'clock, the Dwelling-house, and Work-house of Mealy, Rope-maker, at Pennywell-road, were burned to the ground by an accidental fire, occasioned by the snuff of a candle falling among some hemp.

Last Tuesday and yesterday, the 6th Regiment arrived in town from Corc, they were intended to be quartered in this City, but on their arrival received a route to march hence (in a few days) for Cavan, Granard and Carrick-on-Shannon.

On Tuesday night Messrs. Duckett and Steel, Revenue-Officers, assisted by a Captain's guard of the 50th Regt. proceeded to Killaloe, where they seized a Still and Worm, which they brought off without opposition, but about 3 miles from said town, the party were attacked by a number of Country people, who pelted the military with Stones, on which some of the Guard fired and killed one Man on the spot, besides wounding several others.—The Still &c. were lodged in the Custom-House yesterday.

A very necessary Caution. As the frost has now set in with severity, those who do not dig and preserve their Potatoes immediately will deserve little pity if they should be injured by such neglect. Landlords & the Clergy should recommend strenuously to the poor Tenantry who have need of this advice, to attend to their ONLY support, the want of which food has been severely felt last season.

Died on the 18th of last month, at Lisbon, in Portugal, to which place he went for the establishment of his health, in the 19th year of his age, Marmaduke Graves Russell, Esq. Captain of the Tipperary light infantry independent company, a youth possessed of sound judgment, a refined understanding, and amiable qualities which were centered in him, his death is most severely regretted by his nearest friends, and universally lamented by all his acquaintance.

TICKETS, SHARES, and ADVENTURES, WARRANTED UNDRAWN each Post, will be SOLD for Ten Days from this Date, by

THOMAS BENNIS, who will pay Ready Money without any Discount. All Prizes Sold by him.—and as he gets the Earliest account of their Success, by Applying at his OFFICE.

Limerick, Dec. 1, 1783. FRESH TEAS, AND NEW FRUIT.

MATHEW HONAN, Opposite the London Green, Hyson, Pekoe, Bloom, Congo, and Bohea TEAS, from the last East India Sales, the Quality he is certain is remarkably Good; he has also for Sale NEW FRUIT, Viz. Currants, Raisins in Jars and Casks, Figs and Jordan Almonds, which with Rum, Plain and Currant Whiskey, Brandy and Geneva, and every other Article in the GROCERY LINE, he will Sell at the most reduced Prices, for READY-MONEY ONLY. N. B. JAMAICA RUM, engaged Standard Proof, 6s. 6d. per Gallon.

receive... W...

These Mills are Constructed on the principle as those at Battell-Abbey, at an expense of 3000l. and upwards, and no Part will be spared to render the Manufacture the serving of the Utmost Encouragement.

Orders in Writing, left at the Office of FREDERICK JOHN CALDBECK, Merchant, at No. 6, Bishop Street, any time before One o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be punctually attended to, and Executed by Noon of the following Day; as the Law will not permit any Quantity of Powder to be kept in or near the City.

N. B. Merchants desirous to Export, will hear of most advantageous Terms, by Applying as above. Dec. 8, 1783.

A FORGED WILL.

I DO Hereby Demand a Copy of the Pretended or Forged Will, (mentioned in a former Advertisement in this Paper,) which was not Produced to me until a considerable Time after the Death of my Father, who never made any sort of Will, nor can any be Proved. Given under my Hand at Limerick, this 11th Day of December, 1783. GEORGE MACNAMARA.

HECTOR M'KERN, LINEN-DRAPERS,

HABERDASHER, RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public, that he has Removed to the Shop Mr. JEREMIAH HAYES lately lived in, nearly opposite the Market House, where he intends following Business in the most Extensive manner, on such Terms as will give General Satisfaction, to those who are pleased to Favour him with their Commands, said M'KERN has now for Sale a most ELEGANT ASSORTMENT, which on Trial will be found to be of the best Quality, and most Reduced Prices, for READY MONEY ONLY. N. B. ELEGANT FURNISHED LODGINGS, to be LET. Limerick, Dec. 2, 1783.

JAMES MAHON,

INFORMS his Friends and the Public, that he has just laid in his Winter Assortment of the most Numerous and FASHIONABLE Articles in the WOOLLEN DRAPERY LINE, He has, for the Service of his Country, purchased as much of IRISH Manufacture, as he possibly could, which on View will be found by far to exceed in Fabrick and Colour, any thing of the kind ever Imported. He has a large quantity of Gentlemen's and Ladies HATTS of the Newest Fashion; GOLD and SILVER LACE, &c. and hopes for a Continuance of that Encouragement and Countenance already so liberally shewn him. Limerick, Dec. 1, 1783.

JANE MOORE, QUAY-LANE,

HAS Just Returned from Dublin, with Large and Elegant Assortment Cottons, Calicoes, Printed and Plain Lin-Cambricks, Lawns, Leno, Spa-Cambric STOCKINGS, GLOVES, and many other Articles in the MILLINERY and HABERDASHERY way too tedious to mention, all which will be Sold Wholesale and Retail, on the Lowest Terms, for Ready Money. Limerick, Nov. 24, 1783.